UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Eastern District of Virginia United States of America v. SEAN ANDREW DUNCAN Defendant Defendant Defendant

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

- ☐ Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
- Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)

- ☐ A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met: (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): □(a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or \Box (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or \square (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves: (i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and □ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
 - ☐ (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and

to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and

§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise

□ (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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✓ Lack of stable employment✓ Lack of stable residence

Lack of financially responsible sureties

☐ B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
☐ (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); ☐ (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c), 930(a), of 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.
By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required.
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
 ✓ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong ✓ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted □ Prior criminal history
Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervisionHistory of violence or use of weapons
☐ History of alcohol or substance abuse

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	Lack of significant community or family tie		
	Significant family or other ties outside the	United States	
	Lack of legal status in the United States		
	Subject to removal or deportation after serv	ving any period of incarceration	
	Prior failure to appear in court as ordered		
	Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement		
	Use of alias(es) or false documents		
	Background information unknown or unver		
U	Prior violations of probation, parole, or sup	pervised release	
OTHER	REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATIO	N:	
attempt or combi	to avoid law enforcement at the time the search w	d in the affidavit in support of the criminal complaint and varrant was being executed, there does not appear to be the safety of the community or that the defendant wo	e any single condition
	Part IV - Dir	rections Regarding Detention	
confinent held in of defense charge of	nent in a corrections facility separate, to the coustody pending appeal. The defendant mu counsel. On order of a court of the United	rney General or to the Attorney General's designat extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving ist be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private States or on request of an attorney for the Govern fendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose	g sentences or being te consultation with nment, the person in
Date:	01/08/2018	/s/	
		John F. Anderson	
		United States Magistrate Judge	~